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# Adafruit MAX31865 Library Documentation

*Release 1.0*

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CircuitPython module for the MAX31865 thermocouple amplifier.



# CHAPTER 1

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## Dependencies

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This driver depends on:

- [Adafruit CircuitPython](#)
- [Bus Device](#)

Please ensure all dependencies are available on the CircuitPython filesystem. This is easily achieved by downloading the [Adafruit library and driver bundle](#).





## CHAPTER 2

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### Installing from PyPI

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On supported GNU/Linux systems like the Raspberry Pi, you can install the driver locally [from PyPI](#). To install for current user:

```
pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-max31865
```

To install system-wide (this may be required in some cases):

```
sudo pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-max31865
```

To install in a virtual environment in your current project:

```
mkdir project-name && cd project-name  
python3 -m venv .env  
source .env/bin/activate  
pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-max31865
```



## CHAPTER 3

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### Usage Example

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See `examples/max31865_simpletest.py` for a demo of the usage.



## CHAPTER 4

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### Contributing

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Contributions are welcome! Please read our [Code of Conduct](#) before contributing to help this project stay welcoming.



## CHAPTER 5

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### Documentation

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For information on building library documentation, please check out [this guide](#).





## 6.1 Simple test

Ensure your device works with this simple test.

Listing 1: examples/max31865\_simpletest.py

```
1  # Simple demo of the MAX31865 thermocouple amplifier.
2  # Will print the temperature every second.
3  import time
4
5  import board
6  import busio
7  import digitalio
8
9  import adafruit_max31865
10
11
12  # Initialize SPI bus and sensor.
13  spi = busio.SPI(board.SCK, MOSI=board.MOSI, MISO=board.MISO)
14  cs = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.D5) # Chip select of the MAX31865 board.
15  sensor = adafruit_max31865.MAX31865(spi, cs)
16  # Note you can optionally provide the thermocouple RTD nominal, the reference
17  # resistance, and the number of wires for the sensor (2 the default, 3, or 4)
18  # with keyword args:
19  # sensor = adafruit_max31865.MAX31865(spi, cs, rtd_nominal=100, ref_resistor=430.0,
20  ↪wires=2)
21
22  # Main loop to print the temperature every second.
23  while True:
24      # Read temperature.
25      temp = sensor.temperature
26      # Print the value.
27      print("Temperature: {0:0.3f}C".format(temp))
```

(continues on next page)

```

27     # Delay for a second.
28     time.sleep(1.0)

```

## 6.2 adafruit\_max31865

CircuitPython module for the MAX31865 platinum RTD temperature sensor. See examples/simpletest.py for an example of the usage.

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### 6.2.1 Implementation Notes

#### Hardware:

- Adafruit Universal Thermocouple Amplifier MAX31856 Breakout (Product ID: 3263)
- Adafruit PT100 RTD Temperature Sensor Amplifier - MAX31865 (Product ID: 3328)
- Adafruit PT1000 RTD Temperature Sensor Amplifier - MAX31865 (Product ID: 3648)

#### Software and Dependencies:

- Adafruit CircuitPython firmware for the ESP8622 and M0-based boards: <https://github.com/adafruit/circuitpython/releases>
- Adafruit's Bus Device library: [https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit\\_CircuitPython\\_BusDevice](https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit_CircuitPython_BusDevice)

**class** `adafruit_max31865.MAX31865` (*spi, cs, \*, rtd\_nominal=100, ref\_resistor=430.0, wires=2*)  
Driver for the MAX31865 thermocouple amplifier.

#### **auto\_convert**

The state of the sensor's automatic conversion mode (True/False).

#### **bias**

The state of the sensor's bias (True/False).

#### **clear\_faults** ()

Clear any fault state previously detected by the sensor.

#### **fault**

The fault state of the sensor. Use `clear_faults()` to clear the fault state. Returns a 6-tuple of boolean values which indicate if any faults are present:

- HIGHTHRESH
- LOWTHRESH
- REFINLOW
- REFINHIGH
- RTDINLOW
- OVUV

#### **read\_rtd** ()

Perform a raw reading of the thermocouple and return its 15-bit value. You'll need to manually convert this to temperature using the nominal value of the resistance-to-digital conversion and some math. If you just want temperature use the `temperature` property instead.

**resistance**

Read the resistance of the RTD and return its value in Ohms.

**temperature**

Read the temperature of the sensor and return its value in degrees Celsius.



## CHAPTER 7

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### Indices and tables

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