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# **Adafruit MLX90393 Library Documentation**

*Release 1.0*

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Adafruit CircuitPython driver for the MLX90393 3-axis magnetometer.



This driver depends on:

- [Adafruit CircuitPython](#)
- [Bus Device](#)

Please ensure all dependencies are available on the CircuitPython filesystem. This is easily achieved by downloading the [Adafruit library and driver bundle](#).

## 1.1 Installing from PyPI

On supported GNU/Linux systems like the Raspberry Pi, you can install the driver locally [from PyPI](#). To install for current user:

```
pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-mlx90939
```

To install system-wide (this may be required in some cases):

```
sudo pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-mlx90939
```

To install in a virtual environment in your current project:

```
mkdir project-name && cd project-name
python3 -m venv .env
source .env/bin/activate
pip3 install adafruit-circuitpython-mlx90939
```





## CHAPTER 2

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### Usage Example

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```
import time
import busio
import board

import adafruit_mlx90393

I2C_BUS = busio.I2C(board.SCL, board.SDA)
SENSOR = adafruit_mlx90393.MLX90393(I2C_BUS, gain=adafruit_mlx90393.GAIN_1X)

while True:
    MX, MY, MZ = SENSOR.magnetic
    print("{} {}".format(time.monotonic(),
                          "X: {} uT".format(MX)))
    print("Y: {} uT".format(MY))
    print("Z: {} uT".format(MZ))
    # Display the status field if an error occurred, etc.
    if SENSOR.last_status > adafruit_mlx90393.STATUS_OK:
        SENSOR.display_status()
    time.sleep(1.0)
```



## CHAPTER 3

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### Contributing

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Contributions are welcome! Please read our [Code of Conduct](#) before contributing to help this project stay welcoming.



## CHAPTER 4

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### Documentation

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For information on building library documentation, please check out [this guide](#).



## 5.1 Simple test

Ensure your device works with this simple test.

Listing 1: examples/mlx90393\_simpletest.py

```
1 import time
2 import busio
3 import board
4
5 import adafruit_mlx90393
6
7 I2C_BUS = busio.I2C(board.SCL, board.SDA)
8 SENSOR = adafruit_mlx90393.MLX90393(I2C_BUS, gain=adafruit_mlx90393.GAIN_1X)
9
10 while True:
11     MX, MY, MZ = SENSOR.magnetic
12     print("[{}].format(time.monotonic()))
13     print("X: {} uT".format(MX))
14     print("Y: {} uT".format(MY))
15     print("Z: {} uT".format(MZ))
16     # Display the status field if an error occurred, etc.
17     if SENSOR.last_status > adafruit_mlx90393.STATUS_OK:
18         SENSOR.display_status()
19     time.sleep(1.0)
```

## 5.2 adafruit\_mlx90393

This is a breakout for the Adafruit MLX90393 magnetometer sensor breakout.

- Author(s): ktown

## 5.2.1 Implementation Notes

### Hardware:

- Adafruit MLX90393 Magnetometer Sensor Breakout Board (Product ID: 4022)

### Software and Dependencies:

- Adafruit CircuitPython firmware for the supported boards: <https://github.com/adafruit/circuitpython/releases>
- Adafruit's Bus Device library: [https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit\\_CircuitPython\\_BusDevice](https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit_CircuitPython_BusDevice)

**class** adafruit\_mlx90393.**MLX90393** (*i2c\_bus*, *address=12*, *gain=7*, *resolution=0*, *filt=7*, *oversampling=3*, *debug=False*)

Driver for the MLX90393 magnetometer. :param *i2c\_bus*: The `busio.I2C` object to use. This is the only required parameter. :param *int address*: (optional) The I2C address of the device. :param *int gain*: (optional) The gain level to apply. :param *bool debug*: (optional) Enable debug output.

**display\_status** ()

Prints out the content of the last status byte in a human-readable format.

**filter**

The filter level.

**gain**

The gain setting for the device.

**last\_status**

The last status byte received from the sensor.

**magnetic**

The processed magnetometer sensor values. A 3-tuple of X, Y, Z axis values in microteslas that are signed floats.

**oversampling**

The oversampling level.

**read\_data**

Reads a single X/Y/Z sample from the magnetometer.

**read\_reg** (*reg*)

Gets the current value of the specified register.

**reset** ()

Performs a software reset of the sensor.

**resolution\_x**

The X axis resolution.

**resolution\_y**

The Y axis resolution.

**resolution\_z**

The Z axis resolution.

**write\_reg** (*reg*, *value*)

Writes the 16-bit value to the supplied register.



## CHAPTER 6

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